Verb and its types

Transitive verbs:
A verb which has an object to complete its meaning is called transitive verb.

Some examples of transitive verb:

1) We ate an orange.
2) He went to market.
3) I bought a new ring.
4) Sun rises in the east.
5) Girls were writing an essay.
Intransitive verb

A verb which does not need an object to complete its meaning is called intransitive verb.

Examples

1) I slept.
2) Women laughed loudly.
3) Dog barks.
4) Boy run fast.
5) Women were keeping.
Verb and its types

Linking verb

Verb which merely links the subject to its predicate is called linking verb.

Examples:

1) She seems happy due to her won match.
2) The eggs smell rotten.
3) The audience fell silent.
4) Hopes proved false.
5) He became angry.
Modal verb

Modal verbs are those verbs which are used before common verbs and express meaning such as possibility, obligation, certainly, permission or necessity.

Could, Ought to, might, will, shall, should, ought.

Examples:

1) You should check the documents before sending.
2) May I help you?
3) I would like to visit Northern areas.
4) We shall go for a picnic.
5) You must stop when you see your father at the road.